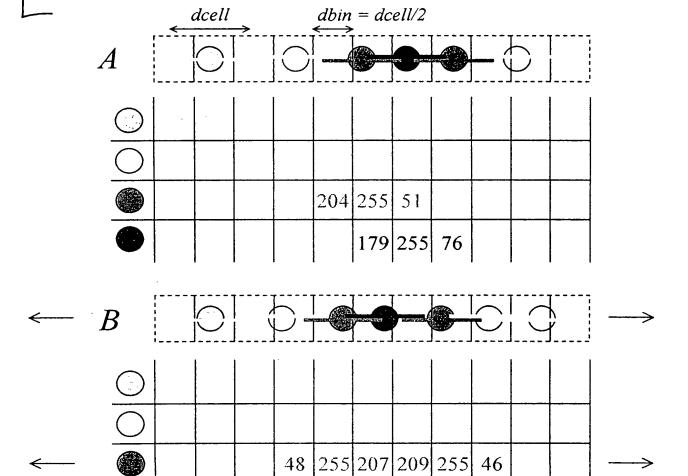
## Bin-Based Overlap

- Do a series of fast overlap calculations using "bins" with integer occupation numbers (0→255) for each atom:

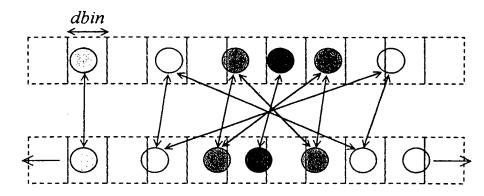


- Multiply occupation numbers for matching atom types across aligned bins to get a good estimate of overlap area

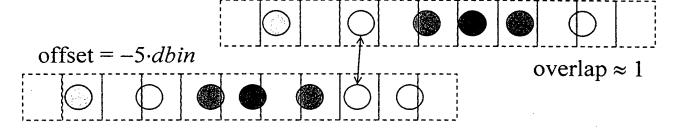
36 255 219

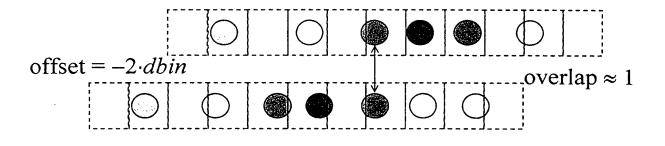
- Fast, but there are numerous bin-based offsets that must be considered

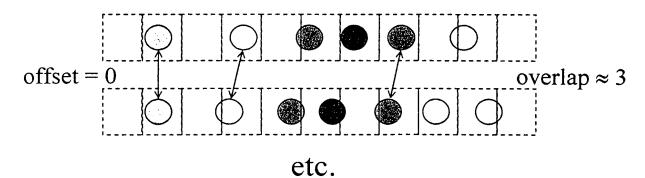
# Speeding Up Bin-Based Overlap Calculations



-21 unique bin offsets, 10 matching atom type pairs
-There are only 6 different bin offsets wherein matching atom types are approximately aligned:

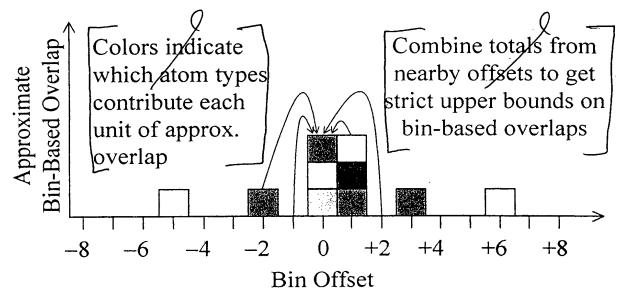


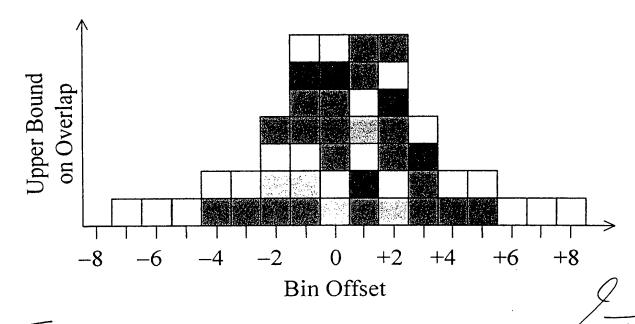




F16.14

## Approximate Bin-Based Overlaps → Upper Bounds





- Process offsets in order of decreasing upper bound
- Do standard bin-based overlap calculations (with occupation numbers), keeping track of the largest overlap value
- Stop when remaining upper bounds are lower than this largest bin-based overlap

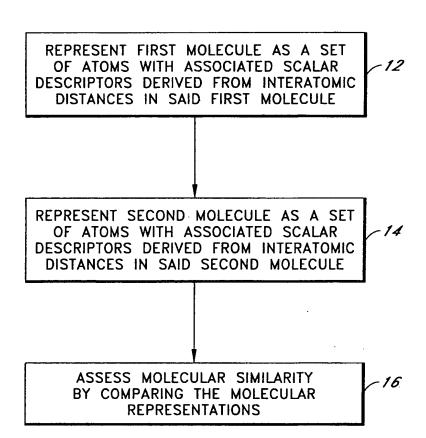


FIG. 1

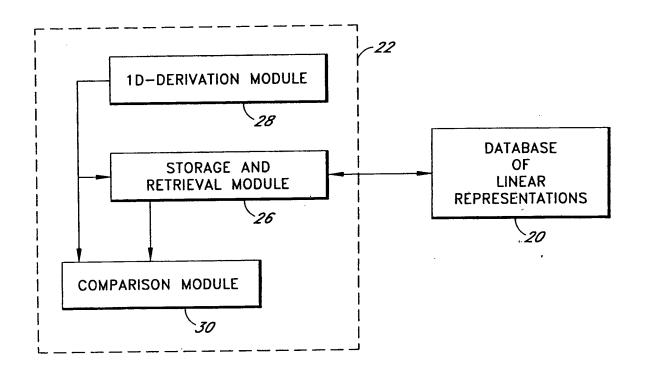


FIG. 2

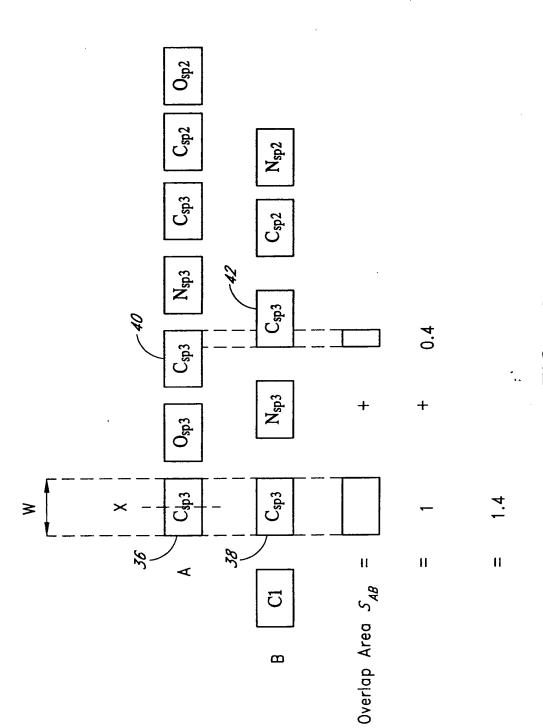


FIG. 3A

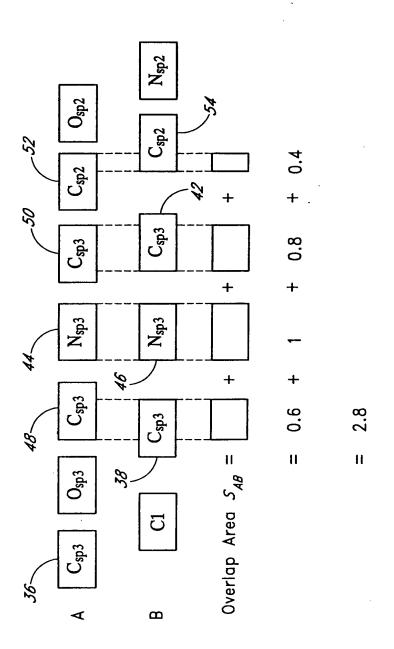


FIG. 3B

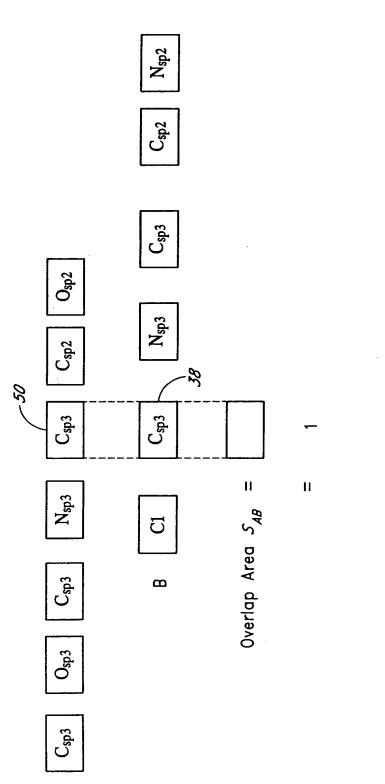
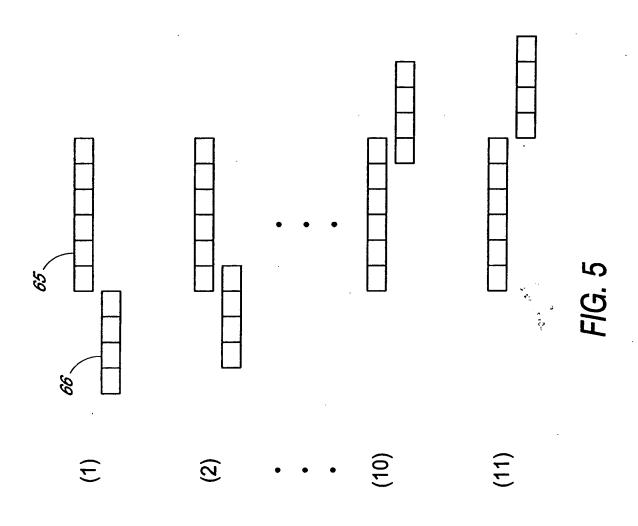


FIG. 3C

4

-60  $X_{A1}$  $X_{B1}$  $X_{A2}$  $C_{sp3} \\$ **X**<sub>A3</sub> .  $X_{B2}$ X<sub>A4</sub> O<sub>sp3</sub> -62 X<sub>A5</sub> - $X_{B3}$  $N_{sp3}$ X<sub>A6</sub> - $C_{sp2}$ O<sub>sp2</sub> X<sub>A</sub>7  $X_{B5}$  $N_{sp2} \\$  $X_{B6}$ **C**1

FIG. 4



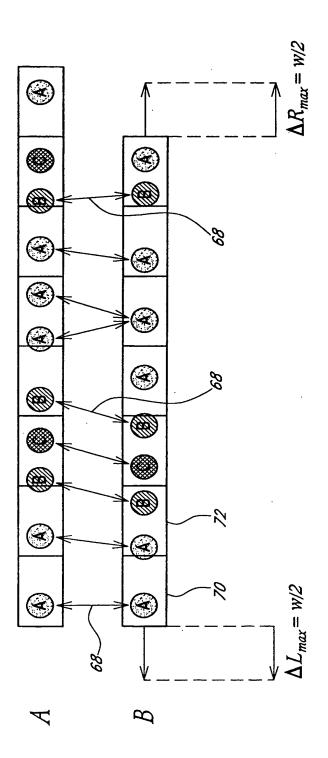
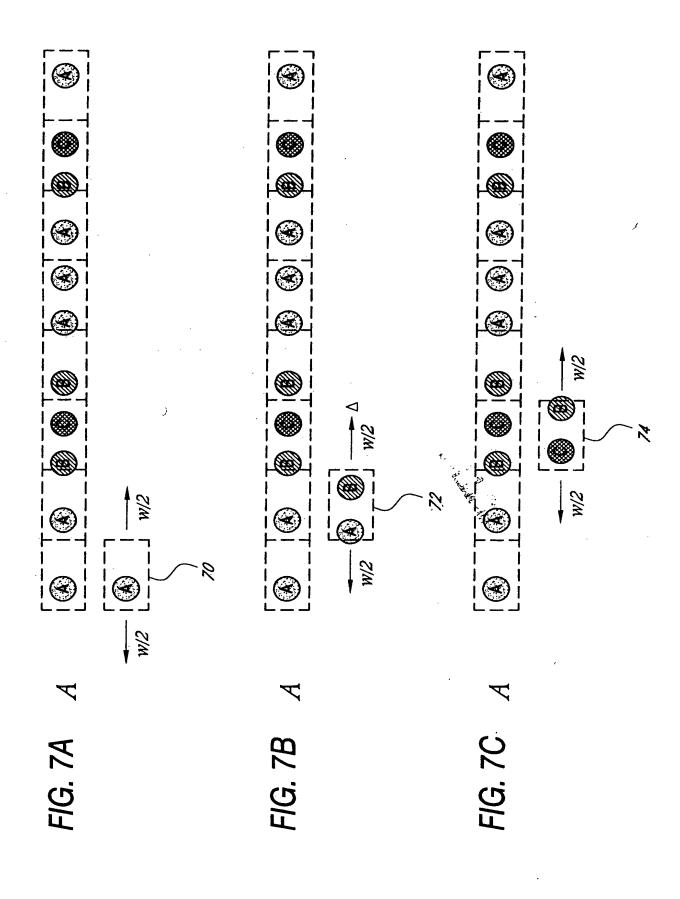
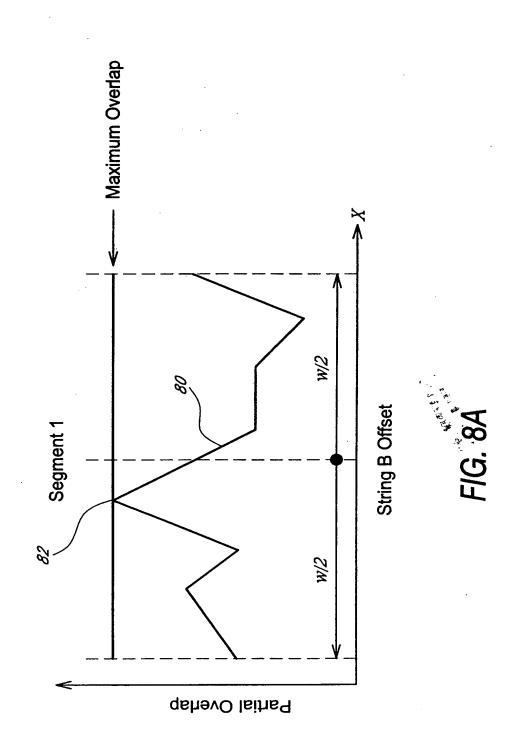


FIG. 6





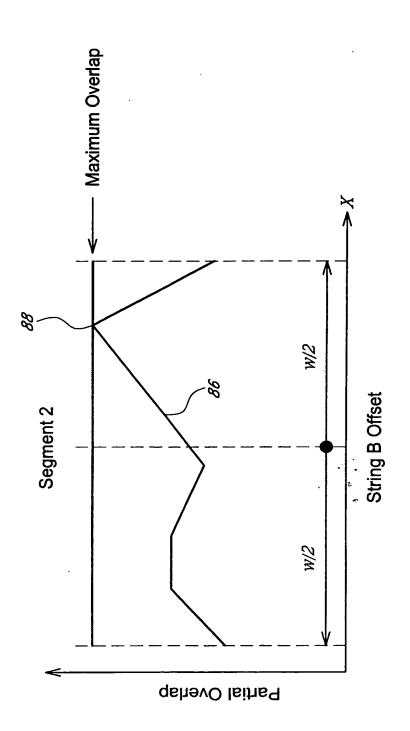


FIG. 8B

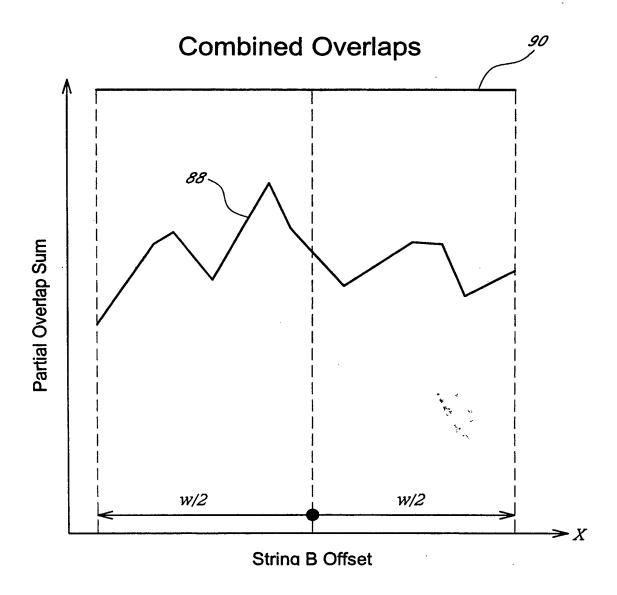
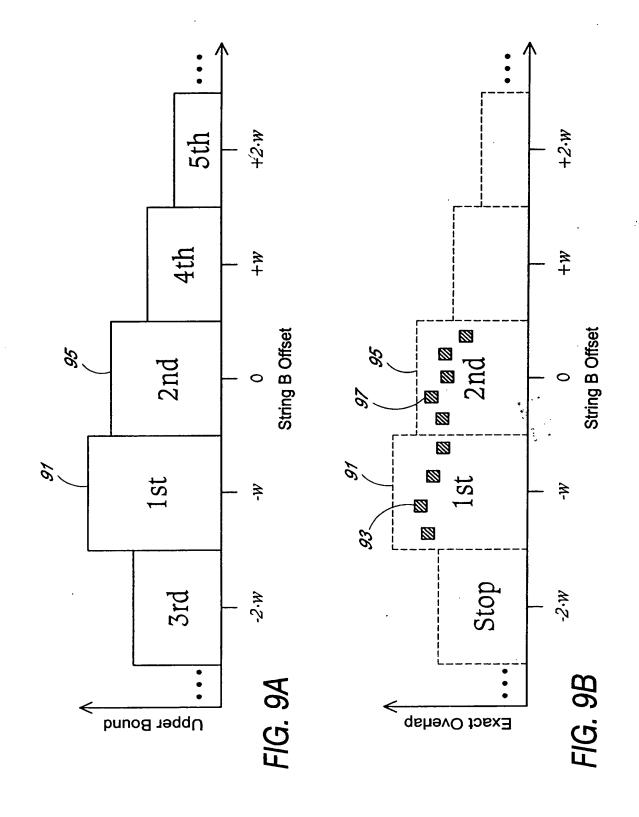


FIG. 8C



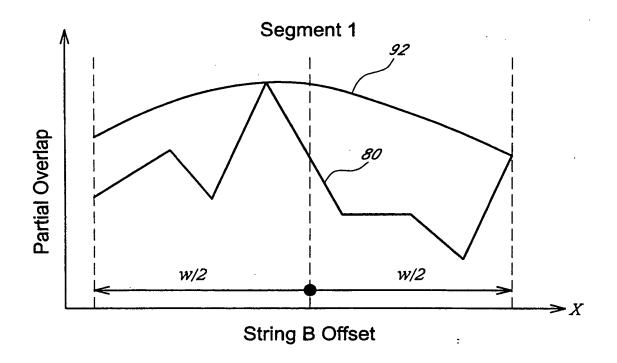


FIG. 10A

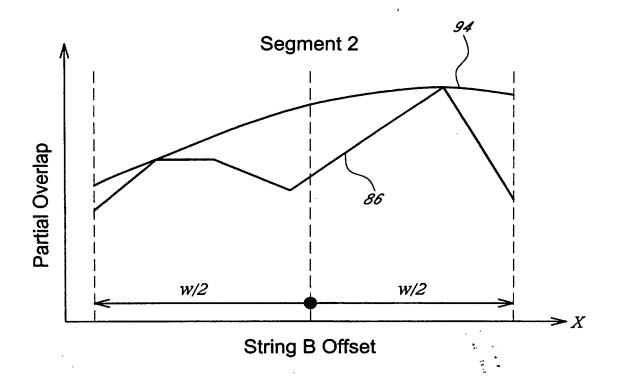


FIG. 10B

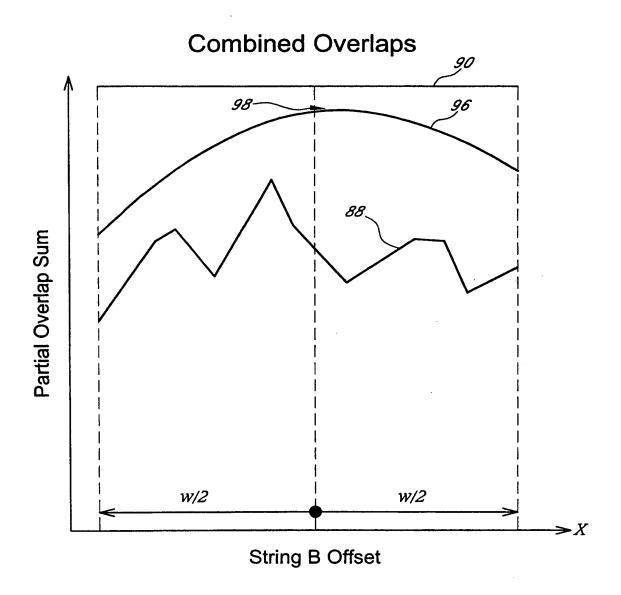
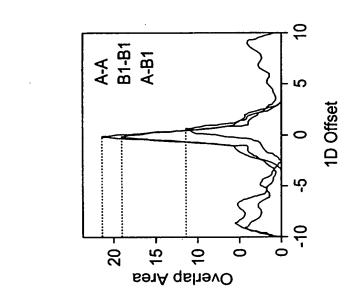
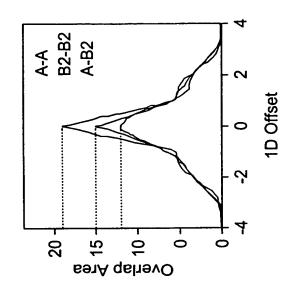


FIG. 10C

A-A B1-B1 A-B1 9



3D→1D



3D→1D

## Bin-Based Overlap

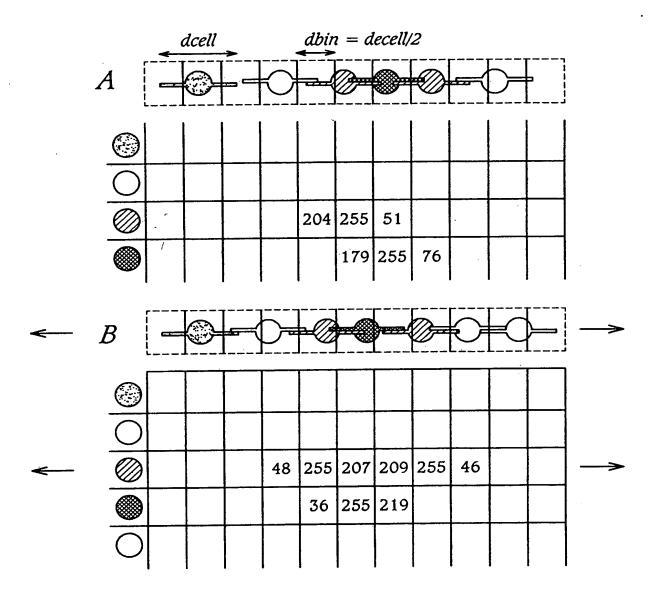
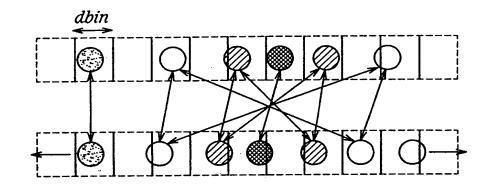


FIG. 13

#### Speeding Up Bin-Based Overlap Calculations



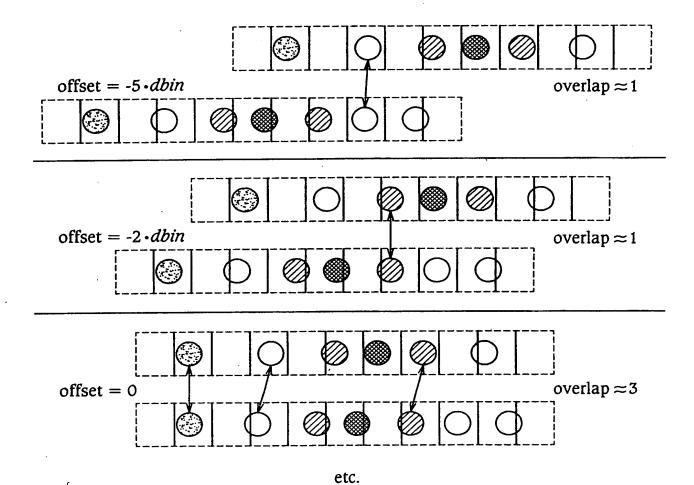
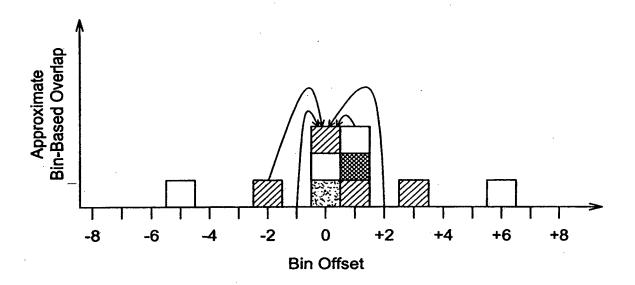


FIG. 14

# Approximate Bin-Based Overlaps → Upper Bounds



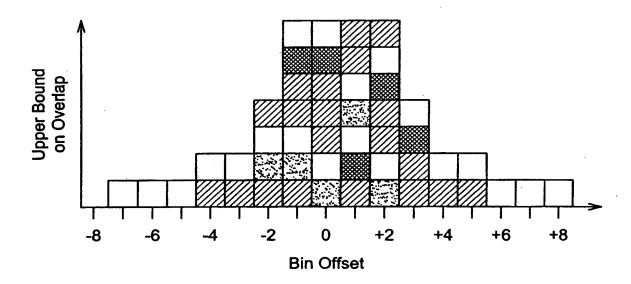


FIG. 15